Year Group: 6 Week beginning: 10.06.24

Wellington Primary

English Reading	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	<mark>Friday</mark>
and Writing RENDERING	L.I. We are learning to use suitable evidence to support opinions. L.I. To answer reading comprehension questions using skimming and scanning.	L.I. We are learning the features of a good balanced argument text. L.I. We are learning to organise our ideas into suitable FORs and AGAINSTs.	L.I. We are learning to include the necessary features in our draft balanced argument.	L.I. We are learning to include the necessary features to write a balanced argument.	Spelling Test <u>L.I. We are learning to examine the</u> relationship between characters and express this in role and in first person. <u>L.I. We are learning to support our point</u> with suitable evidence from the text.
Speaking and Listening Focus	Cold calling What can we remember from the previous chapters? What could happen next?	Think Pair Share / Cold Calling Children will be given thinking time to develop their thoughts and then share these with their partners and then with the class	Think Pair Share / Cold Calling Children will be given thinking time to develop their thoughts and then share these with their partners and then with the class	Think Pair Share / Cold Calling The children will be given feedback on their drafts to uplevel them. They will peer check these with a partner.	Think Pair Share / Cold Calling The children will work in pairs to make notes of key events of chapters 1-5 which have helped the two characters build a relationship and inform us what they might think of each other.
Key vocabulary and Key Blooms higher order thinking questions	Key Vocabulary: accusatory, offhand, unobtrusive, immense, fuzziness, arthritis, barricades Key Questions: What does the author mean	Key Vocabulary: evidence, fact, opinion, justify, support, for, against, power of three, logical connectives, introduction, conclusion, Key Questions:	Key Vocabulary: evidence, fact, opinion, justify, support, for, against, power of three, logical connectives, introduction, conclusion, Key Questions:	Key Vocabulary: evidence, fact, opinion, justify, support, for, against, power of three, logical connectives, introduction, conclusion, Key Questions:	Key Vocabulary: character reflection, evidence, interpretation, understanding, characterisation, inferred thoughts, affects, outcomes, causes, point of view Key Questions:
	when she says that Feo prepared her 'heart to fight the world'? What is a labour camp? Why does Feo get confused when she hears her mother will be sent to a camp? How do the wolves try to comfort Feo at the beginning of	What points can we make FOR supporting the question? What points can we make AGAINST the question? How can we record these in an organised way?	What points can we make FOR supporting the question? What points can we make AGAINST the question? How can we record these in an organised way?	Which points could be grouped together to build on your argument for each paragraph? Have you backed up your point with suitable evidence? Have you included the expected persuasive vocabulary and used it effectively?	What does Ilya think of Feo? How have his opinions changed? Why? What does Feo think of Ilya? How have her opinions changed? Why? What events occurred to make these impressions?

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in school. If there are any questions, please email y	your chila's class teacher	1	T	1
Activities Today the children will read more of the story and read Chapter 6. They will work collaboratively to answer comprehension questions	The children will look at the structure of balanced arguments and how these can be planned. They will look at the two sides of	They children will use evidence from the five chapters read so far in the class reader: The Wolf Wilder to answer the following question:	The children will rewrite their draft argument into a final version. They will need to effectively support each of their points with suitable evidence - as well as use the expected	The children will consider the relationship between Feo and Ilya. They will look through the book and decide what they think Ilya and Feo think of each other up until the end of Chapter 5.
The children will need to use skimming and scanning to find the answers and use relevant quotes and evidence from the text to support answers. There will also be vocabulary questions using the author's choice of vocabulary. They will need to find synonyms and work out the meaning of these words using clues from how they have been used in context.	the argument being presented and how FORs and AGAINSTs can be created. They will learn the 'Power of 3' rule for putting their points together - to limit the amount for each point and making it a fair balanced argument. They will look at how points can be grouped and built on using causal, logical connectives such as: additionally, furthermore etc and also they will use these to introduce contrasting points of view: however, on the other hand, even so etc They will then consider the conclusion where the author's opinion can be given once all the evidence presented in the argument has been considered.	Should the aristocrats in Russia - during the time of the Tsar - tame and keep wolves as luxury pets? They will use a FOR and AGAINST table to record their relevant points. They will then start to group these and construct a plan for their balanced argument. They will then start to draft their argument. They will assess their draft with the success criteria.	openers and connecting vocabulary to introduce each point and build on them. They will also need to use the 'dare to disagree' phrases and emotional language to evoke empathy and understanding in the reader. They will assess this against the success criteria.	<text><text><section-header></section-header></text></text>

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Class Text – Reading Aloud 10-15 mins each day World Author - Terry Nation	Ruby TEXT - Wonder Author - R J Palacio	Jet TEXT - Wonder Author - R J Palacio	Coral TEXT - Wonder Author - R J Palacio
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Maths	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5
	LI: To identify linear and non-linear sequences.	<u>LI: To continue linear</u> sequences.	LI: To continue non-linear sequences.	<u>LI: To explain the</u> <u>term-to-term rule.</u>	LI: To find missing terms.

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Key	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
vocabular					
y and key	-linear	-linear	-linear	-linear	-difference
questions	-non-linear	-non-linear	-non-linear	-non-linear	-term
	-ascending	-ascending	-ascending	-arithmetic	-identify
	-descending	-descending	-descending	-geometric	-ascending
	-difference	-difference	-difference	-Fibonacci	-descending
	-constant difference	-constant difference	-constant difference		-sequence
		-arithmetic	-geometric		
			-Fibonacci	Key Questions	Key Questions
	Key Questions				
	 -How is a linear sequence different from a non-linear sequence? -What do you look for in a sequence to decide if it is linear? -Can a linear sequence be decreasing? 	Key Questions -Why does the common difference help us to work out the next term in a linear sequence? -How many terms do you need to be able to write a linear sequence?	Key Questions -Why does the common difference help us to work out the next term in a linear sequence? -do geometric sequences always grow faster than arithmetic?	 -How would you explain the difference between an arithmetic and a geometric sequence? -How could you get from the first to theth term in this sequence? 	-How many terms are there between the first and third term? -How many differences are there between the first and third term?

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Activities	Today's lesson builds on the	In today's lesson, the	Today, the children will learn	In today's lesson, the	Today, in the final lesson
	previous step, the children	children will learn how to	how to identify whether a	children are continuing the	of the 'sequences' unit,
	will explore how to recognise	work out the next term in a	sequence is linear or not by	unit of sequences. The	the children will
	from a list of numbers,	sequence of numbers	checking to see whether the	children will be focusing on	identifying the missing
	rather than from a graph or	through finding and using	differences are constant- in	applying the correct	terms in a sequence. The
	table, whether the sequence	constant difference. The	the case where they are not,	mathematical vocabulary to	children will start by
	is linear or not. The idea of	sequences that we will	the children will explore how	describe non-linear and	considering finding a term
	constant difference between	explore will be ascending,	to efficiently get from one	linear number sequences	further away than the nex
	the terms will be focused on.	descending and include	term to the next e.g focusing	and being precise in their	term in a given sequence.
		decimals.	on the multiplier in a	explanations.	they will then explore and
			geometric sequence rather		discover strategies to find
	10, 20, 30, 40, 50		than the change in		missing terms in
	a 10 , 100 , 1000 , 10 000 , 100 000	a 60 , 74 , 88 , <u> </u>	differences.	The term-to-term rule of a sequence is:	sequences where the rule
	9 0,85,80,75,70	a 8000 , 11 000, 14 000 , , , ,		The next term is found by tripling the previous term.	cannot be determined
	2 , 3, 5, 8, 12	a 90,85,80, <u> </u>			from adjacent terms.
	a 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13	🗖 0.9 , 1.2 , 1.5 , <u> </u>	Sequence A: 1,11,21,31,41 Sequence B: 1,2,4,8,16	Why can't we write out this sequence?	
		7.42, 6.81,,,	Sequence A I think sequence B will Mark		Find the missing terms in each of these sequence
			Abby one hundred get above one hundred first.		■ 2,8, <u> </u>
					2,,8
					■ 6,, 14,, 22,
					8000,,6500,
					l

Please continue logging into Doodle Maths and Times-table Rockstars regularly!

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In school. If there are any questions, please email your child's class ter Music – Sing Up	RE - Widening Horizons	PE – Get Set 4 PE
Unit: Hounslow Music <mark>Lesson 5</mark>	Unit: Humanism <mark>Lesson 2</mark>	Unit: Tennis <mark>Lesson 2</mark>
	<u>LI – We are learning to identify what Humanist believe</u> <u>in.</u>	We are learning to develop placement of the ball using a backhand groundstroke.
	Children will be looking at the different beliefs of Humanists and identifying if there are any similarities or differences with their own.	 Make contact with the ball when your racket face is facing your target. Turn your body so that the back of your hand
	Humanist Beliefs Today, we will consider the following humanist beliefs:	is showing.
This term the children will receive weekly music lessons from an external music teacher. They will explore the instrument of drums.	Non-Existence of Godl Meaning of Life Science No Purpose to the Universe Reason Image: Compose to the Decisions Children will collect information on each belief and present it to the class. Children will then illustrate and summarise Humanist's different beliefs on a grid.	Unit: Volleyball Lesson 2 We are learning to develop the set shot and understand when to use it.
Coral and Jet will receive their lessons on a Monday and Ruby and Opal will receive their lessons on a Tuesday.		

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ART - Kapow	Spanish – Language Angels	PSHE - Jigsaw
ART - Kapow Unit: Craft and design photo opportunity Lesson 1 Ar opposition to create an effective photomontage advertising poster Children will define what photomontage is. They will look at the work of Hannah Hoch and discuss how it was created. Image: Solution of Composition to create an effective photomontage is. They will look at the work of Hannah Hoch and discuss how it was created. Image: Solution of Composition of Composition to create their optic photomontage is. They will create their optic photomontage is. Image: Solution of Composition of Composition optic photomontage is. Image: Solution optic photomontage. Image: Solution op	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	PSHE - Jigsaw Unit: Changing me Lesson 2 Li: We are learning to identify what we are looking forward to and what worries me about the transition to secondary school /or moving to my next class. Li: We are learning to understand how to prepare myself emotionally for the changes next year. Thi week, the children will discuss what they are looking forward to - with starting their secondary schools soon. During these discussions, the children will be able to share worries and discover ways to support them. The children will then complete their worksheet where they will fill the outside space with their worries that they have with starting their new schools. On the inside, they will write all the positive thoughts and ways they can support themselves if they have any negative feelings.

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Science - Wellington Curriculum	Topic (History) – Wellington Curriculum	Computing – Barefoot and Teach Computing
Unit: The Circulatory System Lesson 2	Unit: Maafa <mark>Lesson 3-4</mark>	Unit: Sensing Movement Lesson 2
LI: <u>We are learning to explore the effect of</u> exercise on our heart rate.	LI: - We are learning to identify common traits and motives of leaders and monarchs.	LI: We are learning to to explain that selection can control the flow of a program
In this lesson the children will use their previous knowledge of the cardiovascular system (including the respiratory system) to consider heart rate.They felt their pulse and used the 15 second measuring x 4 to get a measurement for their resting pulse rate (bpm). They then investigated how their pulse rate changes after exercise. They exercised for 2-3 minutes, doing running on the spot - interweaved with star jumps. They then calculated their pulse and recorded it - and produced a graph. This was then analysed and compared	Children will be identifying how leaders and monarchs were motivated by 'Glory, God and Gold' and how this impacted the slave trade. Children will categorise the information about Portugal and Spain's actions in the 15th century and discuss the motivations behind actions of leaders.	Childrenwill explore how 'if, then, else' statements are used to direct the flow of a program. They will initially relate 'if, then, else' statements to real-world situations, before creating programs in MakeCode. They will apply their knowledge of 'if, then, else' statements to create a program that features selection influenced by a random number to create a micro:bit fortune teller project.
with a partner's. They then wrote conclusions based on what the investigation told them.		If, then, else statement in a program Have look at this project:
Taking the rodal pulse	LI: - We are learning to identify the causes and effects of Britain's involvement in Maafa Children will read information about Britain involvement in Maafa and identify the causes and effects of actions taken. Children will explain the impact of Maafa and what Maafa means.	nccelo/icons An if, then, else statement is being used: If button A is pressed then Show a tick Else Show a cross
Number of heart beats in 15 seconds Beats per minute (bpm) 1st 2nd	Between the 18150 and 6270s, (Archah privaters seized several kinds in the West Index For Spein.	

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			Homework	
Homework is set on a Thursda	y. Where applicable,	it should be return	ed by the following Monday. Weekly spellings a	are set Friday to Friday - with tests on Friday.
Reading/Sp	elling and Grammar		Maths	Topic/Other foundation subjects including writing REMINDERS – trips/events/items to bring in
Please read for at least 20 minutes every day and complete tasks in your purple task book.	Spelling and dictation - and use these words ir that you understand th Group 1 only	sentences to show	Doodle Maths – Log on to your account	Please can the children bring in cardboard boxes - preferably a shoe box - for their art this week.
Your teacher will check and sign your work once every two weeks.	rustling clambering	reprimanded unwieldy	at least three times this week. We will be checking to see who has accessed their account the most!!	Please ensure all medical forms for PGL are returned to Mr Laming as soon as possible.
Over the week, aim to read different text genres such as: a biography, classic novel, adventure story, poems, newspaper or cultural story.	ascertain exquisite	lunging hauled	Work to reach your target – are you in the green zone yet? <u>Times Tables Rockstars:</u> It will help you to practise your	
Doodle Spell – log in to your account at least 3 times this week.	Group 1 and 2	wincing	multiplication facts.	
	competition conscience	convenience correspond		
	conscious controversy	criticise curiosity		
	Group 1 and 2 (bor	nus Topic Words)		

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