Year Group: Year 2 Week beginning: 4.11.24



Every Tuesday, you will see the weekly overview that sets out our learning for the week on the learning section of our school website and on Google Classroom. This is the work that children will be doing in school. If there are any questions, please email your child's class teacher

English Reading	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
and Writing	LI: We are learning to identify nouns and adjectives to describe a setting.	LI: We are learning to apply nouns and adjectives to a setting description.	LI: We are learning to describe a setting in role.	LI: We are learning to compare characters.	LI: We are learning to compare characters using subordinating conjunctions.
Speaking and Listening Focus	We are learning to build our vocabulary through a real-life experience. The Language of Description I predictThe story setting is I can smell I can taste I can hear I can touch I can see	We are learning to critically make contributions to whole class discussions. The Language of Description I can smell I can taste I can hear I can touch I can see	We are learning to take on a role to discuss a character's feelings. We are learning to use adverbs to aid expression. The Language of Description I can smell I can taste I can hear I can touch I can see	We are learning to suggest words and phrases appropriate to the topic. The language of Comparing They are similar because They are different because In contrast Whereas	We are learning to use subject specific vocabulary (subordinating conjunctions). The language of Comparing They are similar because They are different because In contrast Whereas
Key vocabula ry and Key Blooms higher order thinking question s	Key vocabulary: Setting Description Senses Hear See Smell Feel Forest Adjectives Key questions: What do you think the story will be about? Where is the story set? How do you know? What might we see in the	Key vocabulary: Full sentence Expanded noun phrase Setting Description Senses Forest Adjectives Key questions: What is an expanded noun phrase? What adjectives can we use to describe the trees, leaves and surroundings? What adjectives can we apply to this setting description?	Key vocabulary: Connectives Writing in role First person Setting Surroundings Senses Adverbs Adverbial phrase Key questions: How might the Gruffalo feel as he is walking down the path into the forest? Why? How can make our story more interesting?	Key vocabulary: Compare Similarities Differences Suffixes 'er' 'est' Adjectives Key questions: How are these characters similar? How are these characters different? What suffix can we add to compare these characters?	Key vocabulary: Comparing Subordinating conjunctions Similarities Differences Adjectives Key questions: What is a subordinating conjunction? Where does a subordinating conjunction go in our writing? What punctuation needs to follow a subordinating conjunction?

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forest?
What might we smell in the forest?
What might we hear in the forest?
What might we feel in the forest?

What is a connective? How do we use them?

Activities

This week, we will be starting our new book 'The Gruffalo' by Julia Donaldson. Children will begin the lesson by predicting what the story will be about with their talk partners.

The children will be using their senses to describe what they would see, hear, smell and feel in the forest. We will explore the front cover and the setting of the book.



We will then go outside on a nature walk to listen, look and feel things in our playground and imagine that we are in the forest setting. Today, the children will begin by recapping the nouns they saw, heard, felt and smelt during our sensory walk.

They will share what they have found.

We will then discuss how we can describe these nouns with adjectives. For example, leaves = brown, crunchy leaves.



We will then put our senses and noun phrases into full sentences. For example, I can hear cute, little birds. I can feel soft, fresh grass.

The children will aim to use full sentences with capital letters and full stops.

In this lesson, the children will be writing in the role of the Gruffalo.

The children will begin the lesson by recapping what we found out during our senses walk.



They will then look over our senses sentence from the prior lesson e.g. I can see brown, dry leaves.

We will then discuss how the Gruffalo might feel as he walks through the forest. What might he see, hear, smell and feel?

We will then discuss how to make our writing more exciting by using adverbial phrases such as 'the leaf fell gently'.

In this lesson, the children will be comparing the mouse and the Gruffalo.

The children will begin by looking at both characters.



They will identify what is similar about them and what is different.

The children will then look at how to use comparative language e.g. using the 'er' and 'est' suffix.

For example: The mouse is smaller than the Gruffalo.

The children will work in partners to sort the adjectives into those they believe belong to the Gruffalo and those they believe belong to the mouse.

Today, the children will be writing comparative sentences using subordinating conjunctions.

We will begin by recapping the adjectives we chose to describe the mouse and the Gruffalo.

We will then discuss what a subordinating conjunction is and how to use it in a sentence. For example:

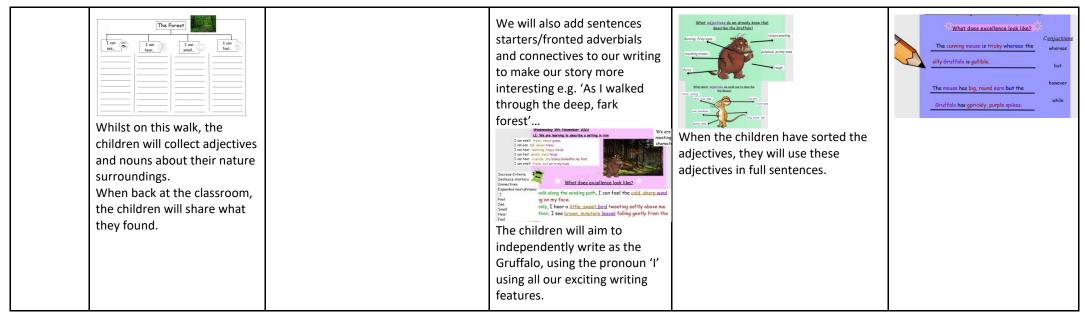
The Gruffalo has orange eyes whereas, the mouse has brown eyes.



The children will independently write their comparative sentences.

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Addition al Literacy Learning	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5
Phonics Maoinostres Philoen ifces	Review graphemes using PPT or flashcards – repeat in black text. Use a random order. Fluency Reading	Review graphemes using PPT or flashcards – repeat in black text. Use a random order.	Review graphemes using PPT or flashcards – repeat in black text. Use a random order.	Review graphemes using PPT or flashcards – repeat in black text. Use a random order.	Fluency Reading Review graphemes using PPT or flashcards – repeat in black text. Use random order.
	Words: flying called talking Encourage fluent independent reading. Teach	Quick Write Words: why drying Encourage independent spelling of words. Reveal correct spelling for children to check.	Fluency Reading Words: small chalk reply Encourage fluent independent reading. Teach	Teach Use PPT or grapheme card to introduce 'ey'. ey is used at the end of some words with two or more syllables.	Teaching Blending to Read Encourage children to read the words using whisper blending. Repeat. Can the children build up level of fluency on next read?

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Teach GPCs – o (Tricky)

Use PPT or grapheme card to introduce 'o'.

Rule: In some words 'o' changes to the 'u' sound when:

- Precedes 'th' 've' 'n'
- Follows 'w'
- Looks like 'o-e' come, some, done (not gone!)

Action: Wave a pretend wand in

the air.

Sound Cue: an oven glove

Activity

Children to sort words into rule: ove, on, oth, wo.

Use colour coding to highlight grapheme within word.



Teach

Use PPT or grapheme card to introduce 'o'.

Recap rule: 'o' changes to the 'u' sound when:

- Precedes 'th' 've' 'n'
- Follows 'w'
- Looks like 'o-e' come, some, done (not gone!)

Action: Wave a pretend wand in

the air.

Sound Cue: an oven glove

Reading Sentences

The woman wears gardening gloves to protect her hands and keep them clean.

She uses a shovel to cover the plants roots with soil.

She worries slugs and snails will eat her plants.

Activity

Download the 'Guess Who?' worksheet.

Children to read the clues and match it to the correct picture.

Use PPT or grapheme card to introduce 'ey'.

ey is used at the end of some words with two or more syllables.

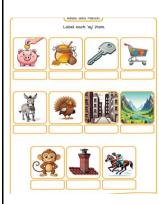
Action: Smile and stretch your lips. Use your hand to make a frog mouth shape with your forefinger thumb and forefinger. Sound Cue: a monkey with a key

Blending to Read

Blend to read words using scaffolded-whisper-independent method as appropriate. Words: monkey donkey turkey key valley trolley chimney money honey alley jockey kidney

Activity

Record on the downloadable sheet.



Plurals: Highlight how this is different to words ending in y. Words ending in a 'y' with a vowel before it simply add 's' and do not change to 'ies'.

Action: Smile and stretch your lips. Use your hand to make a frog mouth shape with your forefinger thumb and forefinger. Sound Cue: a monkey with a key

Blending to Read

Blend to read words using scaffolded-whisper-independent method as appropriate.

Words: monkeys donkeys turkeys keys valleys trolleys chimneys alleys jockeys

Exception: money (singular & plural)

Activity

Download the 'Missing ey Word' worksheet.

Children to read sentences and identify the correct missing 'ey' word. Use either with or without words.

Words: other trolley nothing honey shoves jockey worry valleys woman brother monkey sponge done gloves turkeys chimney.

Reading Questions:

Can a turkey sit in a trolley?

Can you put money in a glove?

Do monkeys make honey from flowers?

Can a jockey ride on a donkey?

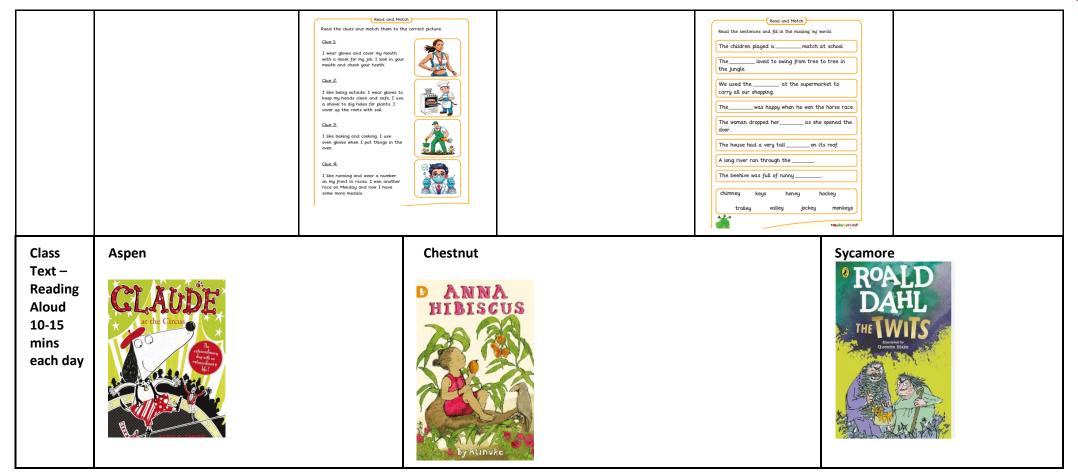
Activity

Choose one of the following activities to review spellings using this week's graphemes.

- 1. Create flashcards using colour coding.
- Write colour-coded words in exercise book.
- 3. Spelling test

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Maths	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5
	LI: We are learning to calculate 10 more and 10	LI: we are learning to add two 2 digit numbers.	LI: We are learning to add two 2 digit numbers.	LI: We are learning to add two 2 digit numbers.	LI: We are learning to subtract two 2 digit numbers.

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to cross off?

left?

How many do you have

	less than a given 2 digit number.				
Кеу	Key Vocabulary: (specific to	Key Vocabulary: (specific to	Key Vocabulary: (specific to	Key Vocabulary: (specific to	Key Vocabulary: (specific
vocabulary	lesson)	lesson)	lesson)	lesson)	to lesson)
and key	Calculate	Digit	Digit		
questions	More	Total	Total	Digit	Digit
	Add	Add	Add	Total	Subtract
	Tens	More	More	Add	Less
	Ones	Tens	Tens	More	Total
	Total	ones	ones	Tens	Left
	Digit	partition	partition	ones	Tens
				partition	Ones
	Key questions:	Key questions:	Key questions:		
	How many tens?	How many tens in total?	How many tens in total?	Key questions:	Key questions:
	How many ones?	How many ones altogether?	How many ones altogether?	How many tens in total?	How many tens?
	What is the total?	What is the total?	What is the total?	How many ones altogether?	How many ones?
				What is the total?	How many do you need

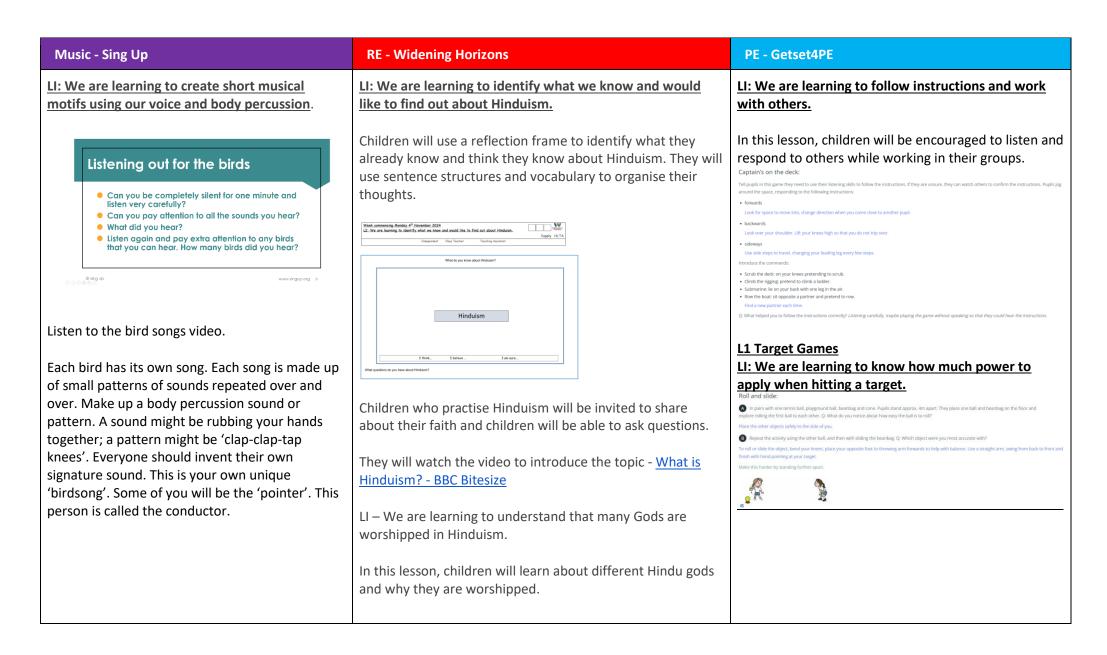
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Children will be The children will be adding Children will be using the Children will be totalling two Children will be solving **Activities** ten more than any given place value chart to add 2 digit numbers by adding problems by adding two 2 subtracting 2 two digit number. The children can tens and ones. First they the tens and then the ones. numbers. They will be digit numbers. Ben has 11 sweets. Mo has drawn some base 10 use 100 square to help. will partition both numbers using tens and ones. Complete the number tracks. Ann has 14 more sweets than Ben. and place the tens into the They can cross off the How many sweets does Ann have? 10 20 30 tens column. Then add the tens and ones. 35 45 55 ones. Then total the tens a) What number has Mo drawn? b) Add 3 ones to the number. and ones. Ann has sweets. Complete the sentences to describe each step Add 4 tens to the number. of the subtraction The base 10 shows 36 What is 20 more than 36? 51+34= Rosie and Mo have some marbles. First the number is What is 20 less than 36? Ones Tens T= 50 + 30 = 80 I have 12 marbles. 53 is circled on the hundred square Then is crossed ou 0 = 1 + 4 = 5Rosie Add the tens I have 13 more marbles than Rosie 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 80+5= 85 Add the ones. Now the number is Choose two more numbers 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 between 40 and 60 How many marbles do they have altogether? 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 33 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 Circle 40 more and 40 less 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 than each number. Ron has 42 marbles. 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 Sam and Jack have some pencils. 10 5 10 5 10 5 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 The base 10 shows 45 What do you notice? a) Cross out 4 ones. lo has 23 marbles. What number is left now? 100 100 0 0 b) Now cross out 3 tens. Class 2 has 26 crayons. What number is left now? How many marbles are there altogether? LI: We are learning to add two 2 digit num your tur They are given 10 more crayons How many pencils do they have altogether? c) How much has been taken every day for 5 days. 55 away altogether? How many tens? Complete the number sentence. How many crayons do they have How many ones? after 5 days? 21 How did you work this out? Mohammed saw 25 boys and 34 girls at the park. What is the total of these two numbers? How many children did Mohammed see altogether? 99-54= I'm going to use all the ones and some of the tens to make a number. Tens 59-32= What numbers can Tiny make?

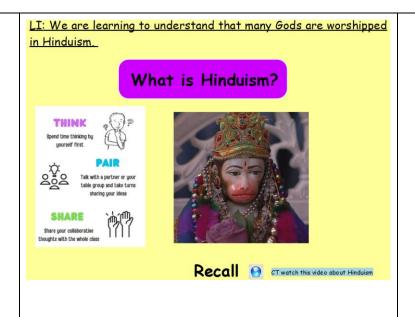
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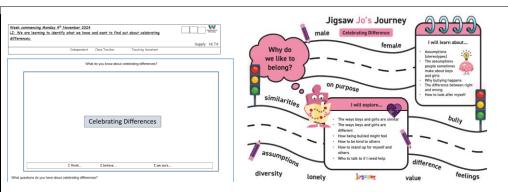


LI: We are learning to develop our knowledge of colour mixing. This week children will be learning to explore making secondary colours using primary colours. They will experiment with letting colours blend and seeing what other secondary colours they can make. LI: We are learning to identify what we know and want to find out about celebrating differences. In this lesson children will explore what they already know and what they think they know about celebrating differences using a reflection frame. They will then read through and understand the contents of their unit knowledge Organiser.

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LI: We are learning to understand that sometimes people make assumptions about boys and girls (stereotypes).

LI: We are learning to understand some ways in which boys and girls are similar and feel good about this.

In this lesson, children will explore the assumptions made regarding boys and girls and what these mean and how these assumptions can make them feel. They will explore stereotyping and how this fits into their world and understanding.



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Science - Wellington Curriculum

habitats to identify a mystery habitat.

LI: We are learning to apply our knowledge of

Over the next two weeks, children will be using a range of resources with clues to identify a mystery habitant by applying their understanding of animal and plant habitats.

In the first session they will watch a video and record their observations



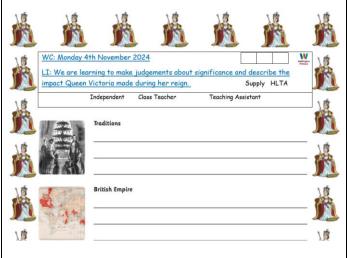
LI: We are learning to identify and name a variety of plants and animals in a range of habitats and microhabitats.

In the second session they will explore and classify some of the animals and plants found in that habitat. They will continue their scientific investigation next week.

Topic (History) – Wellington Curriculum

LI: We are learning to make judgements about significant Queens and describe their impact.

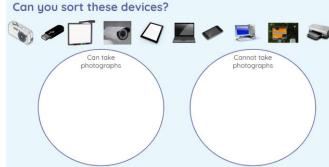
In this lesson, children will explore and make judgments about which Queen made the most significant impact. They will use their prior knowledge and new knowledge to make their judgements. They will then go on to debate their arguments with a partner using sentence stems and key vocabulary.



Computing – Barefoot and Teach Computing

LI: We are learning to use a digital device to take a photograph.

In today's lesson children will identify which devices can and cannot take photographs. Then, they will use lpads and work with their partner to take images of different objects, such as a close up of an object. They will then share their images with a class.



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	Name of living thing	plant invertebrate amphibian mammal bird reptile	Words to describe its features
		plant invertebrate amphibian mammal bird reptile plant invertebrate amphibian mammal bird reptile bird reptile reptile invertebrate remains reptile invertebrate reptile invertebrate reptile invertebrate reptile invertebrate reptile invertebrate reptile r	
A		plant invertebrate amphibian mammal bird reptile	
Total Control of		bird reptile	

Homework



Homework is set on a **Thursday** and due back on a **Monday** either in books or on line.

Reading and spelling.		Maths	Topic/Other foundation subjects including writing REMINDERS – trips/events/items to bring in
Reading Please read for at least 20 minutes every day and complete tasks in your reading record or purple task book. Tasks are due and will be changed every Monday. Your teacher will check, mark and sign your work once a week.	Spellings Please make sure your child's spelling book is in their book bag on these days as this is their spelling test day. Remember to write your spelling sentences in your purple reading task book.	Doodle Maths – Log on to your account at least three times this week. We will be checking to see who has accessed their account the most!!	Please remember to wear the correct full uniform. Children should be wearing a white shirt with the school tie, grey trousers and black school shoes. Jumper and cardigan must be burgundy with the school logo. Girls to wear simple stud earrings, no necklaces or big bows to be worn.

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Bug Club



Try and login to Bug Club and Reading Eggs.

Work to reach your target – are you in the green zone yet?

Please remember to write your child's name on all school clothes and resources so if they get lost we can return them.

Please remember to bring book bags every day!

Reading Café dates for specific classes- please see the classroom door.