

Science Curriculum

		Year 3	
Topic 1	Topic 2	Topic 3	Topic 4
		R	
Animal Nutrition and the Skeletal System	Forces and Magnets	Light and Shadows	Plant Nutrition and Reproduction
Defining Frame	Defining Frame	Defining Frame	Defining Frame
Introduction lesson – What I know about living things	Introduction lesson – What is force?	Introduction lesson – Light Facts	Introduction lesson – Function of plant parts
Asking questions	Points of contact	Exploring light	Focus on roots and on leaves
Balanced and nutritious	Frictional forces	Identify and classify	Focus on stems (lesson 2a and 2b)
Investigation focus: carrying out simple tests, observation, recording results Investigating fatty foods: Which foods contain the most fat?	Exploring force meters	Investigation focus: making predictions, set up and carry out simple tests What properties do reflective materials have?	Focus on leaves
Animal diets	Measuring and recording frictional forces	Sun safety	Flowering plant life cycle



Bones and joints	Measuring and recording frictional forces	Exploring shadows	Flower anatomy
Muscles and skeleton types	Magnetic forces	Opaque, transparent and translucent	Pollination
Investigation: Asking and answering questions	Exploring magnets	Observing changes in shadows	Seeds and seed dispersal
Example questions: How do bones repair after a break? Do all mammals have the same bone types as humans?	Grouping sorting magnetic materials		
Step 1 – questioning Step 2 – investigation Step 3 – gather and record data Step 4- report and conclude			
Assessment and reflection	Investigation focus: Observing, measuring and recording	Investigation focus: reporting and concluding	Investigation focus: Planning and carrying out
	<u>Do different types of magnets vary in strength?</u>	How do shadows change during the day?	Example questions: What happens to a plant if its roots are not watered? What happens to a plant if the leaves don't receive sunlight?
	Step 1 - making predictions and carrying out Step 2 - observe and record Step 3 - represent data Step 4- present data	Step 1 - carrying out Step 2 - recording and measuring Step 3 - comparing Step 4- reporting and concluding	Step 1 - planning Step 2 - planning and carrying out Step 3 - observing and recording Step 4- reporting and concluding
	Assessment and reflection	Assessment and reflection	Assessment and reflection





Science Curriculum

		Year 4		
Topic 1	Topic 2	Topic 3	Topic 4	Topic 5
8			$ \begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array} $	Grouping and
Electrical Circuits and Conductors	Food and the Digestive System	Sound	States of Matter	Classifying
Defining Frame	Defining Frame	Defining Frame	Defining Frame	Defining Frame
Introduction lesson – Exploring electricity	Introduction lesson – Producers and Consumers	Introduction lesson – Sound facts	Introduction lesson – Solids, Liquids and Gases	Introduction lesson – What is classification?
Components	Ecosystems	Exploring sound	Classifying solids, liquids and gases	Guess Who
Making series circuits	Food chains	How does sound travel?	Particle theory	Understanding classification keys
				Creating classification keys
Fixing circuits	Changes in habitats	How do we hear sounds?	Melting, freezing, evaporation and condensation	Animal kingdom
Conductivity	Purpose and parts	Muffling Sounds	Focus on water	Sorting vertebrates
Investigation: Which materials are conductive?	Teeth types	Investigation focus: comparison, carrying out a simple test	Investigation focus: Observing, measuring and recording How does the temperature of solid	Sorting invertebrates
			water change as it melts?	



change as you move away from the source? Making switches Healthy eating Changing the volume of sounds M	Melting and boiling points	Plant kingdom
Why should we brush our teeth with toothpaste? With toothpaste? Step 1- recording With model Step 2- planning and carry out Step 3 - observation and recording Step 4 - interpreting results Step 5 - draw conclusions	measuring and recording <u>What could you do to make ice melt</u> <u>more quickly?'</u> rep 1 and 2 planning and making redictions	Anvestigation focus: Reporting and concluding How can you inform others about new discoveries? Example questions to research: How big is the nano-chameleon? What does it eat? Where does it live? Step 1 and 2 - explaining and classifying Step 3 - questioning Step 4 - researching Step 5 - presenting (scientific report)

Science Curriculum



Assessment and reflection	Assessment and reflection	Assessment and reflection	Assessment and reflection
---------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------